# Business Results for Nine Months (April-December, 2018) of FY2018【Telephone conference】 

January 31, 2019

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## I. Business Results for Three and Nine Months ended December 31, 2018

## Note: Reclassification in the statement of income

Since the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019, Komatsu has adopted a new pension accounting standard of US GAAP. Therefore, net periodic postretirement benefit costs, separated from other personal expenses, are presented in nonoperating income (expenses), (whereas they were conventionally presented in segment profits). Accordingly, the corresponding amounts for FY 2 O 17 are retrospectively reclassified as shown in the table below.

* Improvement in the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost in accordance with ASU 2017-07.

FY2017 profits reclassified in accordance with the newaccounting standard

| Billions of yen | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { Apr.-Jun. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { Jul.-Sep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { Oct.-Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { Jan.-Mar. } \end{gathered}$ | FY2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Komatsu Conventional | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| KMC | (0.8) | (0.8) | (0.8) | (0.9) | (3.3) |
| Construction, mining \& utility equipment | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.8) | (2.9) |
| Retail finance | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Industrial machinery \& others | 0.0 | (0.0) | 0.0 | (0.1) | (0.1) |
| Segement profit | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.9) | (3.0) |
| Operation income | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.9) | (3.0) |
| Other income(expenses) | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 3.0 |
| Income before income taxes | - | - | - |  |  |

## KOMA'SU

- Consolidated net sales increased by $8.3 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY700.5 billion.
- Operating income advanced by 27.6\% to JPY95.5 billion. Operating income ratio improved by 2.0 points to 13.6\%
- Net income attributable to Komatsu Ltd. increased by 10.3\% to JPY58.8 billion.

Note: FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page 3 for more information.)

| Billions of yen | Oct.-Dec., 2017 |  |  |  | Oct.-Dec., 2018 |  |  |  | Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & ¥ 113.0 / \text { USD } \\ & ¥ 133.2 / E U R \\ & ¥ 17.0 / \mathrm{RNB} \end{aligned}$ | Komatsu Conventional *1 | KMC |  | $\begin{aligned} & ¥ 113.5 / \text { USD } \\ & ¥ 129.6 / \mathrm{EUR} \\ & ¥ 16.4 / \mathrm{RVB} \end{aligned}$ | Komatsu Conventional *1 | KMC |  | Increase (Decrease) | \% <br> Change |
| Net sales | 646.8 | 561.4 |  | 85.3 | 700.5 | 606.5 |  | 94.0 | +53.7 | +8.3\% |
| Segment profit | 86.4 | 82.5 | *2 | 3.8 | 97.1 | 89.4 | *2 | 7.6 | +10.7 | +12.4\% |
| Other operating income( expenses) | (11.5) | (11.7) |  | 0.1 | (1.6) | (1.5) |  | (0.0) | +9.9 | - |
| Operating income | 74.8 | 70.8 | *2 | 4.0 | 95.5 | 87.8 | *2 | 7.6 | +20.6 | +27.6\% |
| Profit ratio | 11.6\% | 12.6\% |  | 4.7\% | 13.6\% | 14.5\% |  | 8.1\% | +2.0pts. | - |
| Other income (expenses) | (3.6) |  |  |  | (10.0) |  |  |  | (6.4) | - |
| Income before income taxes | 71.2 |  |  |  | 85.4 |  |  |  | +14.2 | +20.0\% |
| Net income attributable to Komatsu Ltd | 53.3 |  |  |  | 58.8 |  |  |  | +5.5 | +10.3\% |

Notes:

1) Fgures represent those from which KMC's business results are excluded.
2) KMC's segment and operating income include temporary expenses in the table on the right.

| Billions of yen | Oct.-Dec.,2017 | Oct.-Dec.,2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depreciation after PPA* | (3.6) | (18) |
| Integration expenses etc. | (0.4) | (10) |
| Total | (4.1) | (28) |

- Construction, Mining \& Utility Equipment: Sales advanced by 8.5\% from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY645.3 billion. Segment profit expanded by $11.5 \%$ to JPY88. 6 billion. Segment profit ratio improved by 0.3 points to 13.7\%
- Retail Finance: Revenues increased by $13.5 \%$ to JPY16.7 billion. Segment profit advanced by $16.3 \%$ to JPY3.5 billion.
- Industrial Machinery \& Others: Sales advanced by 8.0\% to JPY45.7 billion. Segment profit improved by 19.4\% to JPY5.1 billion.

| Note: FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page 3 for more information.) |  |  |  | \% : Profit ratio |  | ]: Sales after elimination of inter-segment transactions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oct.-Dec.,2017 |  |  | Oct.-Dec.,2018 |  |  | Changes |  |
| Billions of yen |  | Komatsu Conventional | KMC |  | Komatsu Conventional | KMC | Increase (Decrease) | \% <br> Change |
| Net sales | 646.8 | 561.4 | 85.3 | 700.5 | 606.5 | 94.0 | +53.7 | +8.3\% |
| Construction, mining \& utility equipment <br> Retail finance <br> Industrial machinery \& others | 594.5 $[591.7]$ 14.7 $[13.0]$ 42.3 $[41.9]$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 509.1 \\ {[506.4]} \\ 14.7 \\ {[13.0]} \\ 42.3 \\ {[41.9]} \end{array}\right]$ | 85.3 $[85.3]$ - - | $\begin{array}{r} 645.3 \\ {[640.3]} \\ 16.7 \\ {[15.1]} \\ 45.7 \\ {[45.0]} \end{array}$ | 551.2 $[546.3]$ 16.7 $[15.1]$ 45.7 $[45.0]$ | 94.0 $[94.0]$ - - | $\left.\begin{array}{r} +50.7 \\ {[+48.5]} \\ +1.9 \\ {[+2.0]} \\ +3.3 \\ {[+3.1]} \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{array}{r} +8.5 \% \\ {[+8.2 \%]} \\ +13.5 \% \\ {[+15.6 \%]} \\ +8.0 \% \\ {[+7.4 \%]} \end{array}$ |
| Elimination | (4.7) | (4.7) | - | (7.1) | (7.1) | - | (2.4) | - |
| Segment profit (loss) | 13.4\% 86.4 | 14.7\% 82.5 | 4.5\% 3.8 | 13.9\% 97.1 | 14.8\% 89.4 | 8.2\% 7.6 | +10.7 | +124\% |
| Construction, mining \& utility equipment <br> Retail finance Industrial machinery \& others | $13.4 \%$ 79.4 <br> $20.6 \%$ 3.0 <br> $10.2 \%$ 4.3 | $14.8 \%$ 75.5 <br> $20.6 \%$ 3.0 <br> $10.2 \%$ 4.3 | $\begin{array}{r}4.5 \% \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $13.7 \%$ 88.6 <br> $21.1 \%$ 3.5 <br> $11.3 \%$ 5.1 | $14.7 \%$ 80.9 <br> $21.1 \%$ 3.5 <br> $11.3 \%$ 5.1 | $\begin{array}{rr}7.6 \\ & - \\ & -\end{array}$ | +9.1 +0.4 +0.8 | $\begin{aligned} & +11.5 \% \\ & +16.3 \% \\ & +19.4 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Corporate \& elimination | (0.4) | (0.4) | - | (0.1) | (0.1) | - | +0.2 | - |

## Review of three business segments

- Construction, Mining \& Utility Equipment:

Both sales and segment profit increased, mainly supported by expanded sales in Asia, CIS and Japan as well as price hikes.

- Retail Finance:

Both sales and segment profit increased, due mainly to increased assets in North America.
$\square$ Industrial Machinery \& Others
Both sales and segment profit improved, mainly supported by increased sales of machine tools to the automobile manufacturing industry as well as increased sales of Excimer laser-related businesses reflecting buoyant conditions of the semiconductor market.

- Sales to outside customers increased by $8.2 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY640. 3 billion.
- While sales declined in China, they expanded sharply, especially in Asia, CIS and Japan.
- The ratio of sales in Strategic Markets amounted to 54\% of total sales.

Oct.-Dec.,2018 vs. Oct.-Dec.,2017

※ Region where sales increased, when foreign exchange effects were excluded.

Billions of yen


## KOMA'SU

- Consolidated net sales increased by $118 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY2,018.6 billion.
- Operating income expanded by $59.0 \%$ to JPY295.8 billion. Operating income ratio improved by 4.4 points to $14.7 \%$
- Net income attributable to Komatsu Ltd. advanced by 18.8\% to JPY184. 1 billion.

Note: FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page 3 for more information.)

| Billions of yen | Apr.-Dec.,2017 |  |  | Apr.-Dec.,2018 |  |  | Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $¥ 1117 /$ USD $¥ 128.2 / E U R$ $¥ 16.6 / \mathrm{RNB}$ | Komatsu Conventional *1 | KMC | ¥1110/USD <br> $¥ 129.8 / E U R$ <br> ¥16.6/RMB | Komatsu Conventional *1 | KMC | Increase (Decrease) | \% Change |
| Net sales | 1,805.8 | 1,569.4 | 236.3 | 2,018.6 | 1,743.6 | 274.9 | +212.8 | +11.8\% |
| Segment profit (loss) | 198.6 | 216.3 | *2 (17.6) | 296.2 | 263.6 | *2 32.6 | +97.5 | +49.1\% |
| Other operating income( expenses) | (12.6) | (12.7) | 0.0 | (0.4) | (0.4) | 0.0 | +122 | - |
| Operating income (loss) | 186.0 | 203.6 | *2 (17.5) | 295.8 | 263.2 | *2 32.6 | +109.8 | +59.0\% |
| Profit ratio (loss ratio) | 10.3\% | 13.0\% | (7.4)\% | 14.7\% | 15.1\% | 11.9\% | +4.4pts. | - |
| Other income (expenses) | 29.3 |  |  | (17.8) |  |  | (47.1) | - |
| Income before income taxes | 215.3 |  |  | 277.9 |  |  | +62.6 | +29.1\% |
| Net income attributable to Komatsu Ltd | 155.0 |  |  | 184.1 |  |  | +29.1 | +18.8\% |

Notes:

1) Figures represent those from which KMC's business results are excluded,
2) KMC's segment and operating income(loss) include temporary expenses in the table on the right.

| Billions of yen | Apr.-Dec.,2017 | Apr.-Dec.,2018 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | | Note: |
| :--- |
| PPA stands for Purchase Price |
| Alocation. |

## KOMA'SU

- Construction, Mining \& Utility Equipment: Sales advanced by 11.3\% from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY1,845.8 billion. Segment profit expanded by 49.9\% to JPY272.5 billion. Segment profit ratio improved by 3.8 points to $14.8 \%$
- Retail Finance: Revenues increased by $0.4 \%$ to JPY46.1 billion. Segment profit expanded by 46.6\% to JPY13.1 billion.
- Industrial Machinery \& Others: Sales advanced by 17.5\% to JPY142.7 billion. Segment profit improved by 38.8\% to JPY12.6 billion.

| Note: FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page 3 for more information.) |  |  |  | : Profit(loss) ratio |  | [ ]: Sales after elimination of inter-segment transactions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr.-Dec.,2017 |  |  | Apr.-Dec.,20 |  |  | Changes |  |
| Billions of yen |  | Komatsu Conventional | KMC |  | Komatsu Conventional | KMC | Increase (Decrease) | \% <br> Change |
| Net sales | 1,805.8 | 1,569.4 | 236.3 | 2,018.6 | 1,743.6 | 274.9 | +2128 | +11.8\% |
| Construction, mining \& utility equipment <br> Retail finance <br> Industrial machinery \& others | $\begin{array}{r} 1,658.9 \\ {[1,648.6]} \\ 45.9 \\ {[36.7]} \\ 121.4 \\ {[120.4]} \end{array}$ | $1,422.6$ $[1,4123]$ 45.9 $[36.7]$ 121.4 $[120.4]$ | 236.3 $[236.3]$ - - | $1,845.8$ $[1,835.5]$ 46.1 $[41.7]$ 142.7 $[141.2]$ | $1,570.9$ $[1,560.6]$ 46.1 $[41.7]$ 142.7 $[141.2]$ | 274.9 [274.9] - - | $\begin{array}{r} +186.9 \\ {[+186.9]} \\ +0.1 \\ {[+4.9]} \\ +21.2 \\ {[+20.8]} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +11.3 \% \\ {[+11.3 \%]} \\ +0.4 \% \\ {[+13.6 \%]} \\ +17.5 \% \\ {[+17.3 \%]} \end{array}$ |
| Elimination | (20.6) | (20.6) | - | (16.2) | (16.2) | - | +4.4 | - |
| Segment profit (loss) | 11.0\% 198.6 | 13.8\% 216.3 | (7.5)\% (17.6) | 14.7\% 296.2 | 15.1\%263.6 | 11.9\% 32.6 | +97.5 | +49.1\% |
| Construction, mining \& utility equipment <br> Retail finance <br> Industrial machinery \& others | $11.0 \%$ 181.7 <br> $19.5 \%$ 8.9 <br> $7.5 \%$ 9.1 | $14.0 \%$ 199.4 <br> $19.5 \%$ 8.9 <br> $7.5 \%$ 9.1 | (7.5)\% <br> (17.6) | $14.8 \%$ 272.5 <br> $28.4 \%$ 13.1 <br> $8.9 \%$ 12.6 | $15.3 \%$ 239.9 <br> $28.4 \%$ 13.1 <br> $8.9 \%$ 12.6 | $11.9 \%$ 32.6 - - | $\begin{array}{r} +90.7 \\ +4.1 \\ +3.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +49.9 \% \\ & +46.6 \% \\ & +38.8 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Corporate \& elimination | (11) | (1.1) | - | (2.0) | (2.0) | - | (0.8) | - |

## Review of three business segments

- Construction, Mining \& Utility Equipment:

Sales increased, supported mainly by advanced sales in North America, Asia, and Oceania. Segment profit also increased as a whole, reflecting increased
volume of sales and reduced temporary expenses incurred by KMC.
Retail Finance:
Revenues remained about flat, because sales of used equipment were recorded for the corresponding period a year ago as a result of the cancellation of a leasing contract in Chile. Segment profit increased, mainly due to a reversal of allowances for bad debts in China recorded for FY2016.
Industrial Machinery \& Others
Both sales and segment profit improved, supported by increased sales of machine tools to the automobile manufacturing industry and increased sales of Excimer laserrelated businesses, reflecting buoyant conditions of the semiconductor market.

- Sales to outside customers advanced by $11.3 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY1,835.5 billion.
- Sales improved in all regions except Japan and the Middle East. Sales expanded sharply, especially in Asia, North America and Oceania.
- The ratio of sales in Strategic Markets increased to 55\% of total sales.

Apr.-Dec.,2018 vs. Apr.-Dec.,2017


| Billions of yen |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,900 |  |  | 1,835.5 |  |
| 1,8001,700 | 1,648.6 | 5\% | Africa |  |
|  |  | 1\% | Middle East |  |
| 1,600 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { 5\% } & \text { Africa } \\ \text { 2\% } & \text { Middle Ea } \\ \text { 8\% } & \text { Oceania } \\ & \\ & \text { Asia } \\ & 13 \%\end{array}$ | 9\% | Oceania |  |
| 1,500 |  |  | Asia |  |
| 1,400 |  |  | 14\% | Strategic <br> Markets <br> 55\% |
| 1,300 |  | Strategic <br> Markets 54\% |  |  |
| 1,200 |  |  | 6\% China |  |
| 1,100 | 7\%China |  | 6\% CIS |  |
| 1,000 | 5\% CIS |  | Latin |  |
| 900800 | Latin 14\% |  | America |  |
|  |  |  | Europe |  |
| 700 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Europe } \\ \text { 8\% } \end{gathered}$ |  | 8\% |  |
| 500 | North America 24\% | Traditional <br> Markets 46\% | North America24\% | Traditional Markets 45\% |
| 400 |  |  |  |  |
| 300 |  |  |  |  |
| 200 | Japan |  | Japan |  |
| 100 | 14\% |  | 12\% |  |
| 0 | Apr.-Dec., 2017 |  | Apr.-Dec., 20 |  |

※ Region where sales increased, when foreign exchange effects were excluded.

- Sales increased by JPY186.9 billion from the corresponding period a year ago, mainly supported by increased volume of sales and price hikes.
- Segment profit advanced by JPY90.7 billion due to increased volume of sales and declined temporary expenses incurred by KMC.
- Segment profit ratio improved by 3.8 points to $14.8 \%$

- Sales for nine months advanced by 16.3\% from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY274.9 billion.
- Operating income for nine months improved to JPY41.0 billion, excluding temporary expenses. When the temporary expenses of JPY8.3 billion are included, operating income amounted to JPY32.6 billion.

| Billions of yen | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct.-Dec., } \\ & 2017 \\ & ¥ 113.0 / \text { USD } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct.-Dec., } \\ & 2018 \\ & ¥ 113.5 / \text { USD } \end{aligned}$ |  | Changes |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr.-Dec., } \\ & 2017 \\ & ¥ 111.7 / \text { USD } \end{aligned}$ |  | Apr.-Dec., 2018 $¥ 111.0 /$ USD |  | Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Increase (Decrease) | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales |  | 85.3 |  |  |  | 94.0 | +8.6 | +10.1\% |  | 236.3 |  | 274.9 | +38.5 | +16.3\% |
| Equipment |  | 19.8 |  | 20.9 | +1.1 | +6.0\% |  | 46.4 |  | 52.4 | +5.9 | +12.9\% |
| Parts |  | 29.5 |  | 32.6 | +3.1 | +10.7\% |  | 85.4 |  | 98.1 | +12.6 | +14.9\% |
| Service etc. |  | 35.9 |  | 40.6 | +4.7 | +13.3\% |  | 104.4 |  | 124.2 | +19.8 | +19.0\% |
| Operating income <excluding Temporary expenses > | 9.5\% | 8.1 | 112\% | 10.5 | +2.3 | +29.0\% | 9.8\% | 23.2 | 14.9\% | 41.0 | +17.7 | +76.5\% |
| Temporary expenses (negative figure) |  | (4.1) |  | (2.8) | +13 | - |  | (40.8) |  | (8.3) | +324 | - |
| Depreciation after PPA ${ }^{1}$ |  | (3.6) |  | (18) | +18 | - | *2 | (36.7) |  | (6.3) | +30.3 | - |
| Integration expenses etc. |  | (0.4) |  | (10) | (0.5) | - |  | (4.1) |  | (2.0) | +21 | - |
| Operating income (loss) < including Temporary expenses > | 4.7\% | 4.0 | 8.1\% | 7.6 | +3.6 | - | (7.4)\% | (17.5) | 11.9\% | 32.6 | +50.2 | - |



- Assets increased by JPY68.5 billion from the previous fiscal year-end, mainly due to increased contracts centering on North America.
- While assets increased in North America, revenues remained about flat, because sales of used equipment were recorded for the corresponding period a year ago as a result of the cancellation of a leasing contract in Chile.
- Segment profit improved, mainly reflecting a reversal of allowances for bad debts in China as well as increased contracts in North America.

- Sales increased by $17.5 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY142.7 billion, mainly supported by increased sales of machine tools to the automobile manufacturing industry and increased sales of Excimer laser-related business reflecting buoyant conditions of the semiconductor market.
- Segment profit ratio was 8.9\%



| Breakdown of sales Billions of yen | Apr.-Dec., 2017 | Apr.-Dec., 2018 | Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) | \% <br> Change |
| Komatsu Industries Corp., etc. [total of press and sheet-metal machines] | 327 | 40.9 | +8.1 | +24.9\% |
| Komatsu NTC Ltd. | 43.2 | 46.9 | +3.6 | +8.5\% |
| Gigaphoton Inc. | 27.2 | 31.6 | +4.4 | +16.5\% |
| Others | 18.3 | 23.1 | +4.9 | +27.0\% |
| Total | 121.4 | 142.7 | +21.2 | +17.5\% |

- Total assets grew by JPY136.7 billion from the previous fiscal year-end, reflecting increased inventories.
- Komatsu Ltd. shareholders' equity ratio decreased by 0.5 points to $48.9 \%$.



## KOMAT'SU

## II . Outlook of FY2018 Business Results

## KOMATSU

- Consolidated sales and profits for nine months show generally expected progress in line with the projection announced in October last year; therefore we have not changed our projection of full-year results for FY2018.
(See below for the projection of October 2018.)

Note: FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page $\mathbf{3}$ for more information.)

| Billions of yen | FY2017 <br> Results <br> (A) <br> ¥1112/USD <br> ¥129.6/EUR <br> $¥ 16.8 / \mathrm{RMB}$ | FY2018 Projection <br> (B) (Oct.2018) <br> ¥107.4/USD \#126.4/EUR ¥16.3/RMB |  |  | FY2018 Projection (C) (Initial) $¥ 100.0 /$ USD $¥ 123.0 / E U R$ \#15.8/RMB |  | KMC | Changes (B-A) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Komatsu Conventional *1 | KMC |  | Komatsu Conventional *1 |  | Increase (Decrease) | $\%$ <br> Change |
| Net sales | 2,501.1 | 2,662.0 | 2,291.3 | 370.7 | 2,503.0 | 2,188.0 | 315.0 | +160.8 | +6.4\% |
| Segment profit | 299.8 | 384.0 | 338.2 | 45.8 | 345.0 | 319.5 | 25.5 | +84.2 | +28.1\% |
| Other operating income (expenses) | (31.3) | (3.0) | (3.0) | - | (6.0) | (6.0) | - | +28.3 | - |
| Operating income | 268.5 | 381.0 | 335.2 | 45.8 | 339.0 | 313.5 | 25.5 | +1125 | +41.9\% |
| Profit ratio | 10.7\% | 14.3\% | 14.6\% | 12.4\% | 13.5\% | 14.3\% | 8.1\% | +3.6pts. | - |
| Other income (expenses) | 23.3 | (19.0) |  |  | (19.0) |  |  | (42.3) | - |
| Income before income taxes | 291.8 | 362.0 |  |  | 320.0 |  |  | +70.2 | +24.1\% |
| Net income attributable to Komatsu Ltd | 196.4 | 240.0 |  |  | 226.0 |  |  | +43.6 | +22.2\% |
| ROE | 12.1\% | 14.1\% |  |  | 13.4\% |  |  | +2.0pts. |  |
| Cash dividends per share | 84yen | 102yen |  |  | 96yen |  |  | +18yen |  |
| Consolidated payout ratio | 40.3\% | 40.1\% |  |  | 40.1\% |  |  |  |  |

[^0]- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand increased presumably by 2\% from the corresponding period a year ago.
- While demand decreased in China, it continued to grow in North America and Europe.

- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand increased presumably by 12\% from the corresponding period a year ago.
- Demand grew, reflecting increased demand in the rental industry mainly against the backdrop of recovery work from natural disasters as well as ending rebound of pre-buy demand in anticipation of the new emission controls regulations enforced in September 2017.

[Sources]Construction investment by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport \& Tourism, and Research Institute of Construction and Economy
Demand for 7 major products and No. of exported used equipment estimated by Komatsu

- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand increased presumably by $6 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago.
- In the United States, demand remained steady centering on civil engineering and energy-related sectors. In Canada, demand vas also firm in both residential and non-residential sectors.

- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand increased presumably by 14\% from the corresponding period a year ago.
- Demand remained firm in the major markets of Germany, the U.K. and France, and it advanced in eastern Europe.

- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand decreased presumably by $8 \%$ from the corresponding period a year ago.
- While the Chinese government has announced a policy to expand infrastructure, uncertainty of the Chinese market remains for the future.

- In the third quarter of FY2018, demand presumably remained flat from the corresponding period a year ago.
- While demand continued to increase in Indonesia, the largest market of the region, the rate of growth has slowed down.

Annual demand for 7 major products




## KOMA'SU

- In the third quarter of FY2018, global demand for mining equipment expanded presumably by $\mathbf{2 6 \%}$ from the corresponding period year ago.
- Demand has been growing, especially in North America, Latin America, CIS and Oceania.


## Annual demand for mining equipment

- Dump trucks: 75 tons (HD785) and larger •Wheel loaders (mechanical driven):
- Bulldozers: 525HP (D375) and larger 810HP (WA800) and larger
- Excavators: 200 tons (PC2000) and larger •Motor graders: 280HP (GD825) and larger


Quarterly demand for mining equipment


- For the third quarter of FY2018, sales increased by 10\% from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY277.9 billion. On the Komatsu-conventional basis (excl. KMC), sales increased also by 10\% to JPY183.9 billion.
- On the Komatsu-conventional basis, sales advanced especially in Latin Americas, Indonesia, and CIS.

- For the third quarter of PY2018, sales of parts increased by 6\% from the corresponding period a year ago, to JPY155.1 billion.

On the Komatsu-conventional basis (excl. KMC), sales increased by 5\% to JPY122.5 billion.

- Sales increased from the corresponding period a year ago, as we steadily captured aftermarket demand.



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## Appendix



Quarterly operating income (Since FY2015)


* Specific figures are-JPY0. 7 billion each for $1 \mathrm{Q}, 2 \mathrm{Q}$ and 3 Q and -JPYo. 9 billion for 4 Q .




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Construction, Mining \& Utility Equipment: Quarterly Sales by Region (To Outside Customers) 29



| Exchange rates | 15/1Q | 1512Q | 15/3Q | 1514Q | 16/1Q | 16/2Q | 16/3Q | 16/4Q | 1711Q | 1712Q | 17/3Q | 1714Q | 1811Q | 18/2Q | 18/3Q | 18/4Q |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#USD | 1213 | 122.6 | 121.2 | 118.0 | 109.8 | 102.9: | 106.9: | 114.7 | 1112 | 110.9: | 113.0: | 109.6 | 108.2 | 1112: | 113.5: |  |
| \#IEUR | 133.0 | 136.2 | 1323 | 128.0 | 124.3 | 114.6 | 116.7! | 121.4 | 1216 | 129.9: | 133.2 ! | 133.7 | 130.1 | 129.6: | 129.6 |  |
| \#/RMB | 19.6 | 19.5 | 19.0 | 17.9 | 16.91 | 15.4 | 15.7! | 16.7 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 16.4: | 16.4: |  |





Note:FY2017 profits are reclassified and restated. (Refer to page 3 for more information.)






- Komatsu Industries Corp. introduced its cutting-edge medium-sized Servo press and exhibited its 3D fiber laser cutting machine at FABTECH2018, North America's largest trade fair for metal forming and fabricating machines, held in Atlanta, United States in November 2018.
- Komatsu NTC Ltd. exhibited its leading-edge machine tools at JIMTOF2018 (29 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Japan International Machine Tool Fair) held at Tokyo Big Sight in November 2018.



## Cautionary Statement

The announcement set forth herein contains forward-looking statements which reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events, including expected financial position, operating results, and business strategies. These statements can be identified by the use of terms such as "vill," "believes," "should," "projects" and similar terms and expressions that identify future events or expectations. Actual results may differ materially from those projected, and the events and results of such forward-looking assumptions cannot be assured.
Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those predicted by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, unanticipated changes in demand for the Company's principal products, owing to changes in the economic conditions in the Company's principal markets; changes in exchange rates or the impact of increased competition; unanticipated cost or delays encountered in achieving the Company's objectives vith respect to globalized product sourcing and new Information Technology tools; uncertainties as to the results of the Company's research and development efforts and its ability to access and protect certain intellectual property rights; and, the impact of regulatory changes and accounting principles and practices.

## Business Coordination Department, KOMATSU LTD.


[^0]:    Note 1) Profits represent those which KMC's business results are excluded.

